

INVERTER FR-F800

Enhanced Next-Generation Energy-Saving Inverter [Ethernet communication model added to the line-up]



- Energy saving
- Functions ideal for fans and pumps
- Security & safety
- Compatibility with the environment
- Easy setup & operation

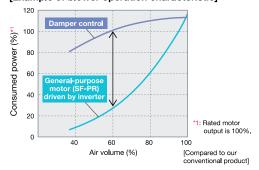
ENERGY SAVING

1 Energy Saving with Inverters

The consumed power of a variable-torque load, such as fans, pumps, and blowers, is proportional to the cube of its rotation speed.

Adjusting the air volume by the inverter rotation speed control can lead to energy savings.

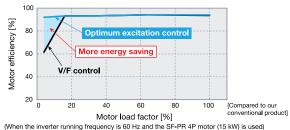
[Example of blower operation characteristic]



Utilizing the motor capability to the full

Optimum excitation control

 Optimum excitation control continuously adjusts the excitation current to an optimum level to provide the highest motor efficiency. With a small load torque, a substantial energy saving can be achieved. For example, at 4% motor load torque for a general-purpose motor, the motor efficiency under Optimum excitation control is about 30% higher than the motor efficiency under V/F control.





NEW Improving starting torque and saving energy at the same time

Advanced optimum excitation control

Advanced optimum excitation control, which has been newly developed, provides a large starting torque while maintaining the motor efficiency under the conventional Optimum excitation control.

Without the need of troublesome adjustment of parameters (acceleration/deceleration time, torque boost, etc.), acceleration is done in a short time. Also, energy saving operation with the utmost improved motor efficiency is performed during constant-speed operation.



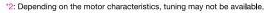


NEW Supporting operations of various motors

Offline auto tuning

The offline auto tuning function to measure circuit constants of the motor enables optimal operation of motors even when motor constants vary, when a motor of other manufacturers is used, or when the wiring distance is long. As well as Mitsubishi general-purpose motors, Mitsubishi PM motors (MM-EFS, MM-THE4), sensorless operation can be performed for other manufacturers' general-purpose motors*2 and other manufacturers' permanent magnet (PM) motors*2.

The tuning function enables the Advanced optimum excitation control of other manufacturers' general-purpose motors*2, which increases the use in the energy saving applications.





Inverter Optimum for Fan and Pump Applications

2 Energy Saving with High-Efficiency Motor

In the international context of global warming prevention, many countries in the world have started to introduce laws and regulations to mandate manufacturing and sales of high-efficiency motors. With the use of high-efficiency motors, further energy saving is achieved.

As an international standard of the efficiency, IEC60034-30 (energy-efficiency classes for singlespeed, three-phase, cage-induction motors) was formulated in October 2008. The efficiency is classified into four classes from IE1 to IE4. The larger number means the higher efficiency.

| | Efficiency class | Mitsubishi mo | otor efficiency |
|------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | IEC 60034-30 | General-purpose motor | IPM motor |
| High | IE4 (super premium efficiency)*3 | _ | Premium high-efficiency IPM (MM-EFS/MM-THE4) |
| > | IE3 (premium efficiency) | Superline premium series (SF-PR) | _ |
| Efficiency | IE2 (high efficiency) | Superline eco series (SF-HR) | _ |
| T | IE1 (standard efficiency) | Superline series | |
| Low | Below the class | (SF-JR) | _ |

Further energy saving with the premium high-efficiency IPM motor

MM-EFS / MM-THE4

- •The IPM motor, with permanent magnets embedded in the rotor, achieves even higher efficiency as compared to the general-purpose motor (SF-PR/SF-THE3).
- The IM driving setting can be switched to IPM driving setting by only one setting. ("12" (MM-EFS/MM-THE4) in the parameter [IPM]).

Do not drive an IPM motor in the induction motor control settings.

·No current flows to the rotor (secondary side),

and no secondary copper loss is generated.

·Magnetic flux is generated with permanent

Why is an IPM motor more efficient?

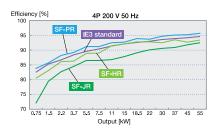
[Comparison of efficiency] 95 8 90 85 80 70 Motor capacity (kW) [Compared to our conventional product]

[Comparison of motor losses] xample of 22 kW moto remium high-efficiency \ IPM motor Iron loss Others MM-EFS

Excellent compatibility with the high-performance energy-saving motor

SF-PR

Motor constants are stored in the inverter. Energy-saving operation can be started just by setting parameters. The SF-PR motor conforms to the Japanese domestic Top Runner Standard (IE3 equivalent). Its energy-saving operation contributes reduction in the electricity charges, which in turn lowers the running cost.



magnets, and less motor current is required. Embedded magnets provide reluctance torque*4, and the reluctance torque can be applied.

*4: Reluctance torque occurs due to magnetic imbalance on the rotor.

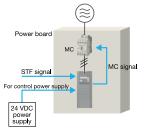
B Energy-Saving Functions Suitable for Various Systems

Standby power reduction



- NEW •With the 24 VDC external power supply, the input MC signal can be turned OFF after the motor is stopped, and turned ON before activating the motor. The inverter enables self power management to reduce standby power.
 - The inverter cooling fan can be controlled depending on the temperature of the inverter heatsink. Also, signals can be output in accordance with the inverter cooling fan operation. When the fan is installed on the enclosure, the enclosure fan can be synchronized with the inverter cooling fan. Extra power consumption when the motor is stopped can be reduced.

1800r/min 0r/mir Time



Energy saving at a glance

Energy saving monitor / Pulse train output of output power

•Energy saving monitor is available. The energy saving effect can be checked using an operation panel, output terminal, or network.



•The output power amount measured by the inverter can be output in pulses. The cumulative power amount can be easily checked.

(This function cannot be used as a meter to certify electricity billings.)



With the Mitsubishi energy measuring module, the energy saving effect can be displayed, measured, and collected

Effective use of the regenerative energy Option

FR-CV / FR-HC2

Multiple inverters can be connected to the power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) or the high power factor converter (FR-HC2) through a common PN bus. The regenerated energy is used by another inverter, and

if there is still an excess, it is (≋)⊢ACL returned to the power supply, saving on the energy consumption. The 355K or higher models are inverter-converter separated types. which are suitable for power regeneration.



FR-F800 FR-F800 FR-F800

FUNCTIONS IDEAL FOR FANS AND PUMPS



1 Optimum Inverter Capacity Selection

Multiple rating

The rating can be selected between the two types (LD (light duty) or SLD (superlight duty)) depending on the load of the fan/pump to be used. The optimum inverter capacity can be selected suitable for the motor to be used.

For the 200 V class 90K or higher and the 400 V class 75K or higher, a motor with one-rank higher capacity can be combined.

| Load | Rating | Overload current rating |
|-----------------|-------------|--|
| Superlight duty | SLD rating | 110% 60 s, 120% 3 s (inverse-time characteristics) |
| duty | SLD failing | at surrounding air temperature 40°C |
| Limba dua. | LD rating | 120% 60 s, 150% 3 s (inverse-time characteristics) |
| Light duty | LD fatting | at surrounding air temperature 50°C |

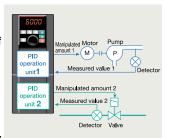
For the list of inverters by rating, refer to page 11.

Further Enhanced PID Control



NEW System cost reduction (PID multiple loops (two loops)

Two PID operation units are available in the inverter. The inverter can perform PID control of the motor operation and control the external equipment at the same time. The system cost can be reduced because no external PID controller is required for controlling the external equipment.



Direct setting of the PID set point

The PID set point can be set directly from the operation panel. The setting can be easily changed at hand.



NEW Visibility improvement

With the LCD operation panel (FR-LU08), the unit can be changed from "%" to other easy-to-see units. Maintenance and adjustment is facilitated by using a familiar unit of air volume, temperature, etc. for indication.





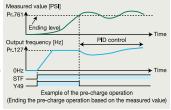


NEW Avoidance of rapid acceleration/deceleration using PID action

PID pre-charge function

Before PID action, the water flow to the pipe is controlled by operating the motor at a constant speed until the measured value (pressure, etc.)

reaches the set level. This function is used to avoid rapid acceleration/deceleration caused by starting the PID action while the pipe is empty, and prevent a water hammer action, etc.



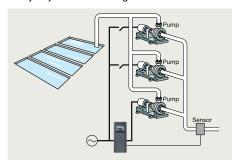


NEW Water volume control with multiple pumps

Multi-pump function

By controlling the pumps connected in parallel (up to four pumps) by the PID control by one inverter, water volume, etc. can be adjusted.

One of the connected pumps is driven by the inverter. Other pumps are driven by commercial power supply. The number of pumps to be driven by commercial power supply is automatically adjusted according to the water volume.



Energy saving in low-speed operation

PID output shutoff (sleep) function

During PID control, the operation is stopped when the deviation (set point - measured value) is small and the output frequency is low, and the operation is restarted when the deviation becomes large. This function restricts energy consumption during low-speed operation with low motor efficiency.

Shorter start-up time under PID control

PID automatic switchover function

The operation is started without PID control until the output frequency reaches the specified frequency. PID control is automatically started when the output frequency reaches the specified frequency. The system can be started faster at the start of operation.

3 Operating Status Monitoring

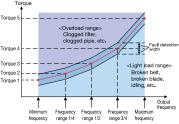


NEW Detection of mechanical faults

Load characteristics measurement function

The speed/torque relationship is stored while no fault occurs. By comparing the present load status with the stored load characteristics,

out-of-range warnings can Torq be output if applicable. Mechanical faults such as clogging of the filter or breakage of the belt can be Torque easily detected, and maintenance is facilitated.



Cleaning function

NEW Cleaning of fans and pumps

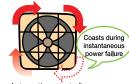
Foreign matter on the impellers or fans of pumps can be removed by repeating forward/reverse rotation and stopping of the motor. (Use this function when a back flush does not pose a problem.) This function can be also automatically started when the result of load characteristics measurement is out of range (overload).



4 Smooth Restart

Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure / flying start function

After an instantaneous power failure, the operation is restartable from the coasting motor speed. With the advanced flying start function, the operation can be smoothly started from low speed.



Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function

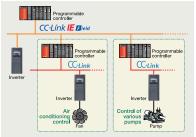
7 Compatibility with Various Systems

Compatibility with various networks

It supports BACnet® MS/TP as standard, as well as Mitsubishi inverter protocol and Modbus-RTU (binary) protocol. Communication options are also available for the major network protocols such as CC-Link, CC-Link IE Field, LONWORKS®, FL-net remote I/O, PROFIBUS-DPV0, and DeviceNet™.

BACnet® is a registered trademark of the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and

Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE), LONWORKS® is a registered trademark of Echelon Corporation. DeviceNet™ is a trademark of the ODVA, and PROFIBUS is a trademark of the PROFIBUS User Organization.



5 Keep Running during Flying Start Operation

Regeneration avoidance function

The operation frequency is automatically increased to prevent the regenerative overvoltage fault from occurring. This function is useful when a load is forcibly rotated by another fan in the duct.

6 PLC Control with an Inverter

NEW PLC function in the inverter

- •Parameters and setting frequency can be changed at the program. Control programs can be created in sequence ladders using the inverter setup software (FR Configurator2).
- Inverter control such as inverter operations triggered by input signals, signal output based on inverter operation status, and monitor output can be freely customized based on the machine specifications.
- •All machines can be controlled by the inverter alone, and control can also be dispersed.

 Time-based operation is possible by using in combination with the real-time clock function (when using a LCD operation panel (FR-LU08)).

Simplified external equipment

The CA-type inverters are available. For the CA type, the monitor output terminal FM/CA operates as terminal CA (analog current output 0 to 20 mA), not as terminal FM (pulse train output). An external converter is not required.

8 Mechanical Resonance Suppression

Speed smoothing control

Vibration caused by mechanical resonance can be reduced. (Available with general-purpose motors)



9 Extended Functions

Support for up to three types of options

Three types of plug-in options can be attached. The functions of the inverter can be extended through network. For example, additional I/O terminals can be used.

SECURITY & SAFE

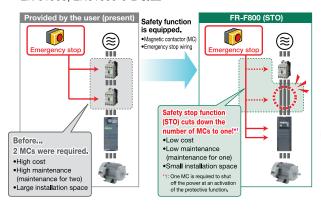
1 Improved System Safety



NEW Safety standards compliance

Controls with safety functions can be easily performed. PLd and SIL2 are supported as standard. (STO)

- •EN ISO 13849-1 PLd / Cat.3
- •EN 61508, EN61800-5-2 SIL2



2 Reliable and Secure Maintenance



NEW Standard 24 VDC power supply for the control circuit

In addition to the existing power supply input terminals (R1 and S1) of the control circuit, 24 VDC input is equipped as standard.

from outside can be fed to the control circuit locally. The parameter setting and communication operation can be done without turning ON

the main power.

The 24 VDC power supplied





NEW Prevention of trouble with temperature monitoring

The inverter is equipped with an internal temperature sensor, which outputs a signal when the internal temperature is high. This facilitates the detection of rises in temperature inside the inverter following cooling fan malfunction, or rises in the surrounding air temperature due to inverter operating conditions.

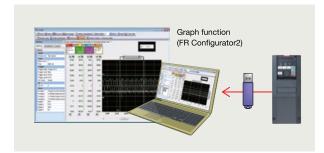
3 Quick Reaction to Troubles



NEW Easy fault diagnosis

 The operating status (output frequency, etc.) immediately before the protection function activates can be stored in the inverter built-in RAM with the trace function. Stored data (trace data) can be copied to a USB memory device, facilitating easy trouble analysis at a separate location by reading into FR Configurator2.

Trace data stored in the built-in RAM is deleted when the power is turned OFF or the inverter is reset.



- •The date and time are also saved with the trace data, making the fault analysis easier.
- By using the real-time clock function with the optional LCD operation panel (FR-LU08) (when using battery), the time is not reset even when the power supply is turned OFF.



4 Protection of Critical Parameter Settings

Misoperation prevention by setting a password

•Setting a 4-digit password can restrict parameter reading/writing.



5 Long Life Components and Life Check Function

Long life components

- •The service life of the cooling fans is now 10 years*1. The service life can be further extended by ON/OFF control of the cooling fan.
- Capacitors with a design life of 10 years *1*2 are adapted.
- ·Life indication of life components

| Components | Estimated lifespan of the FR-F80011 | Guideline of JEMA* |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Cooling fan | 10 years | 2 to 3 years |
| Main circuit smoothing capacitor | 10 years*2 | 5 years |
| Printed board smoothing capacitor | 10 years*2 | 5 years |

- *1 Surrounding air temperature: Annual average of 40°C (free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt).
- The design life is a calculated value and is not a guaranteed product life.
- 2 Output current: 80% of the inverter rating
- 3 Excerpts from "Periodic check of the transistorized inverter" of JEMA (Japan Electrical Manufacturer's Association).

NEW Enhanced life check function

- •An internal thermal sensor is equipped to all inverters as standard, which enables monitoring of the installation environment. Use this function as a guide for the life diagnosis.
- Maintenance timers are available for up to three peripheral devices, such as a motor and bearings.



output" warning

6 Renewal Assurance

Compatibility with existing models

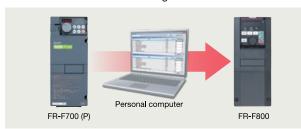
•The inverter installation method is the same as that for the FR-F700(P) series, eliminating any concerns over replacement (except for some capacity models).

Furthermore, the FR-F700(P) series control circuit terminal blocks can be installed with the use of an option (FR-A8TAT).





- •The terminal response adjustment function allows a user to adjust the response speed in accordance with the existing facility. (The response time is shorter for the FR-F800 series.)
- •In addition to the FR-F700(P) series' parameter settings, the FR-F500 series parameter settings (to be supported soon) can be easily copied to the FR-F800 series by using the conversion function of FR Configurator2.





Suppression of Outgoing Harmonic Current and EMI

- By attaching the EMC filter connector to the ON or OFF position, the built-in EMC filter can be set enabled/disabled
- •With a high power factor converter (FR-HC2), the inverter is equivalent to a self-excitation three-phase bridge circuit in the "Harmonic Suppression Guidelines for Specific Consumers" in Japan, and realizes the equivalent capacity conversion coefficient K5=0. For the 355K or higher, the converter is separated. Therefore, installation space can be saved when connecting the FR-HC2.

2 Protected in Hazardous Environments

Special-purpose inverters with circuit board coating (IEC60721-3-3 3C2/3S2) and plated conductors are available for improved environmental resistance.

For the details, please contact your sales representative.

3 Global Compatibility

- •The F800 series inverters are compatible with UL, cUL, EC Directives (CE marking).
- •Being RoHS compliant, the FR-F800 inverters are friendly to people and the environment.





Compatible with UL, cUL, EC Directives (CE marking)





EASY SETUP & EASY TO USE

EASY 10 USE



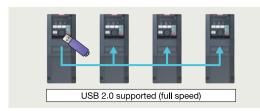
1 Streamlining the Startup Process



NEW Parameter copy with a USB memory device

A USB host connecter (A type), which allows external device connections, has been added.

Parameters can be copied to commercial USB memory devices.



NEW Easy setup with FR Configurator2

- •With the sense of unity with other Mitsubishi FA products with common MELSOFT design and operability, the software is easy to use.
- •Easy plug-and-play connection is available to the USB terminal equipped as standard.



•A trial version, which contains start-up functions, is available. It can be downloaded at Mitsubishi Electric FA Global Website.

Easy wiring to the control circuit

Spring clamp terminals have been adopted for control circuit terminals.

As compared to the conventional screw terminals, spring clamp terminals are highly reliable and can be easily wired. Round crimping terminals can also be used by employing a control terminal option.



2 Easy-to-follow Display Improves the Operability



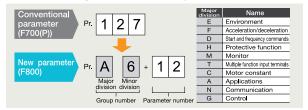
NEW Easy operation with GOT

- •When the automatic connection is enabled in the GOT2000 series, the inverter can communicate with the GOT2000 series simply by connecting the GOT.
- •The PLC function device monitor can be displayed at the GOT2000 series. Batch control
- of multiple inverter device monitors is possible with a single GOT unit.
- •The sample screen data for the FR-F800 can be found in the screen design software of the GOT2000 series. The newest version of the screen design software can be downloaded from the Mitsubishi Electric FA Global Website.



Easy-to-follow parameter configuration

With the parameter setting mode selection of the operation panel, the group parameter mode can be selected to provide intuitive and simple parameter settings. (The conventional parameter setting mode is selected by default.)





Easy-to-read operation panel

A 5-digit, 12-segment display has been adopted for the operation

panel (FR-DU08) for a more natural character display. Furthermore, another operation panel (FR-LU08) adopting an LCD panel capable of displaying text and menus is also available



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3 To Aid with Maintenance

Reduced wiring check time

Split-type covers are adapted for all capacity models. Maintenance is now easy because all an operator has to do is to remove the cover for the target wiring area.

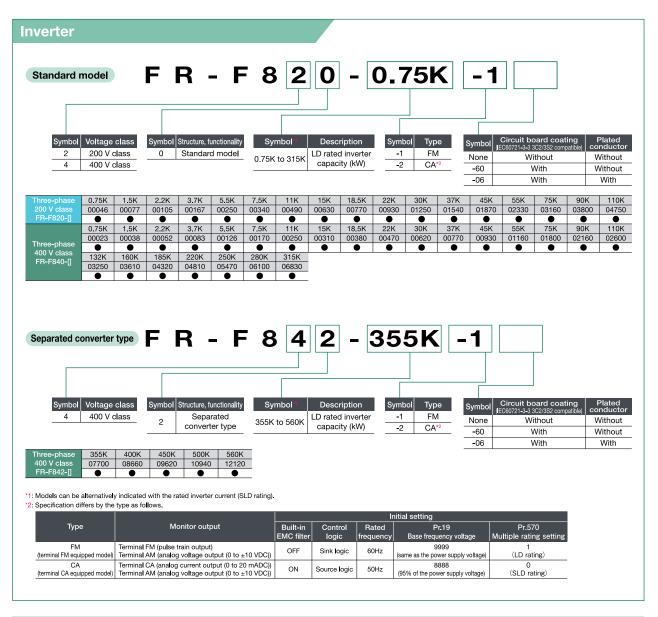


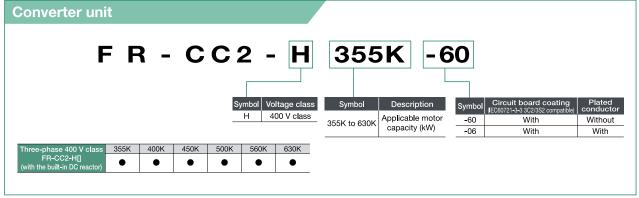


Maintenance and control of multiple inverters

Serial number reading is possible using the LCD operation panel (FR-LU08) or the inverter setup software (FR Configurator2). Administration of different inverters has become much more simple.

Wide range of lineup





: Released model

Standard Specifications

Rating (Standard model)

♦ 200 V class

| | | ED 5000 / 1 | 00046 | 00077 | 00105 | 00167 | 00250 | 00340 | 00490 | 00630 | 00770 | 00930 | 01250 | 01540 | 01870 | 02330 | 03160 | 03800 | 04750 |
|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------|---|----------|------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| | Model FR-F820-[] | | 0.75K | 1.5K | 2.2K | 3.7K | 5.5K | 7.5K | 11K | 15K | 18.5K | 22K | 30K | 37K | 45K | 55K | 75K | 90K | 110K |
| Ар | plicable motor | SLD | 0.75 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 11 | 15 | 18.5 | 22 | 30 | 37 | 45 | 55 | 75 | 90/110 | 132 |
| ca | pacity (kW) *1 | LD | 0.75 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 11 | 15 | 18.5 | 22 | 30 | 37 | 45 | 55 | 75 | 90 | 110 |
| | Rated capacity | SLD | 1.8 | 2.9 | 4 | 6.4 | 10 | 13 | 19 | 24 | 29 | 35 | 48 | 59 | 71 | 89 | 120 | 145 | 181 |
| | (kVA) *2 | LD | 1.6 | 2.7 | 3.7 | 5.8 | 8.8 | 12 | 17 | 22 | 27 | 32 | 43 | 53 | 65 | 81 | 110 | 132 | 165 |
| _ | Rated current | SLD | 4.6 | 7.7 | 10.5 | 16.7 | 25 | 34 | 49 | 63 | 77 | 93 | 125 | 154 | 187 | 233 | 316 | 380 | 475 |
| Output | (A) | LD | 4.2 | 7 | 9.6 | 15.2 | 23 | 31 | 45 | 58 | 70.5 | 85 | 114 | 140 | 170 | 212 | 288 | 346 | 432 |
| ľ | Overload | SLD | 110% 6 | 0% 60 s, 120% 3 s (inverse-time characteristics) at surrounding air temperature 40°C | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| İ | current rating *3 | LD | 120% 6 | 10% 60 s, 150% 3 s (inverse-time characteristics) at surrounding air temperature 50°C | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Rated voltage * | Three-phase 200 to 240 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| supply | Rated input AC | voltage/frequency | Three-p | hase 20 | 0 to 240 | V 50 Hz. | /60 Hz | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| er su | Permissible AC | voltage fluctuation | 170 to 2 | 264 V 50 | Hz/60 H | z | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Power | Permissible free | ±5% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pro | otective structure | Enclose | type (IF | 21) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Со | Cooling system S | | | oling | Forced | air coolir | ng | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Approx. mass (kg) | | | 1.9 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 8.3 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 22 | 42 | 42 | 54 | 74 | 74 |

- *1 The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor.
- *2 The rated output capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 220 V for 200 V class.
- The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load.
- *4 The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the maximum point of the voltage waveform at the inverter output side is the power supply voltage multiplied by about $\sqrt{2}$.
- *5 FR-DU08: IP40 (except for the PU connector section)

400 V class

| | | | 00023 | 00038 | 00052 | 00083 | 00126 | 00170 | 00250 | 00310 | 00380 | 00470 | 00620 | 00770 | 00930 | 01160 | 01800 | 02160 | 02600 | 03250 | 03610 | 04320 | 04810 | 05470 | 06100 | 06830 |
|---|---|------------------------------------|---------|---------------------------|--|---------|---------|--------|-------|----------|---------|-------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Model I | FR-F840-[] | 0.75K | 1,5K | 2,2K | 3.7K | 5,5K | 7,5K | 11K | 15K | 18,5K | 22K | 30K | 37K | 45K | 55K | 75K | 90K | 110K | 132K | 160K | 185K | 220K | 250K | 280K | 315K |
| Ар | plicable motor | SLD | 0.75 | 1.5 | .5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5 11 15 18.5 22 30 37 45 55 $\frac{75}{90}$ 110 132 160 185 2 | | | | | | | | | 220 | 250 | 280 | 315 | 355 | | | | | | | | |
| ca | oacity (kW) *1 | LD | 0.75 | 75 1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5 11 | | | | 15 | 18.5 | 22 | 30 | 37 | 45 | 55 | | 90 | 110 | 132 | 160 | 185 | 220 | 250 | 280 | 315 | | |
| | Rated capacity | SLD | 1.8 | 2.9 | 4 | 6.3 | 10 | 13 | 19 | 24 | 29 | 36 | 47 | 59 | 71 | 88 | 137 | 165 | 198 | 248 | 275 | 329 | 367 | 417 | 465 | 521 |
| İ | (kVA) *2 | LD | 1.6 | 2.7 | 3.7 | 5.8 | 8.8 | 12 | 18 | 22 | 27 | 33 | 43 | 53 | 65 | 81 | 110 | 137 | 165 | 198 | 248 | 275 | 329 | 367 | 417 | 465 |
| Ļ | Rated current | SLD | 2.3 | 3.8 | 5.2 | 8.3 | 12.6 | 17 | 25 | 31 | 38 | 47 | 62 | 77 | 93 | 116 | 180 | 216 | 260 | 325 | 361 | 432 | 481 | 547 | 610 | 683 |
| Output | (A) | LD | 2.1 | 3.5 | 4.8 | 7.6 | 11.5 | 16 | 23 | 29 | 35 | 43 | 57 | 70 | 85 | 106 | 144 | 180 | 216 | 260 | 325 | 361 | 432 | 481 | 547 | 610 |
| ľ | Overload | SLD | 110% | 60 s, | 120% | 3 s (iı | nverse | -time | chara | cteristi | cs) at | surro | unding | air te | mpera | ture 4 | 0°C | | | | | | | | | |
| İ | current rating *3 | LD | 120% | 60 s, | 150% | 3 s (i | nverse | e-time | chara | cterist | ics) at | surro | unding | air te | mpera | ture 5 | 0°C | | | | | | | | | |
| İ | Rated voltage * | 4 | Three | e-phas | e 380 | to 500 |) V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| pply | Rated input AC | voltage/frequency | Three | e-phas | e 380 | to 500 | V 50 | Hz/60 | Hz *6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Power supply | Permissible AC | Permissible AC voltage fluctuation | | | V 50 H | Hz/60 I | Hz | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pow | Permissible free | quency fluctuation | ±5% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Data | Efficiency | | Load | 50% - | 00% → → (95° → (90° | (ò) |) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Technical Da | EMC Filter (IEC | C/EN 61800-3) | Built i | in | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tech | Harmonic stand | dard compliance | Built i | in (IEC | E/EN 6 | 1000 - | -3-2, I | EC/EN | 16100 | 0-3-12 | 2) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Power Factor (Rated Local) Displacement P.F ≥ 0.98 True P.F ≥ 0.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pro | Protective structure (IEC 60529) *5 Enclose type (IP21) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cooling system Self-cooling Forced air cooling | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Approx. mass (kg) 2.5 2.5 3.0 3.0 6.3 6.3 8.3 8.3 15 15 23 41 41 43 52 55 71 78 117 117 1 | | | | | | 166 | 166 | 166 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

- *1 The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor.
- *2 The rated output capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 440 V for 400 V class.
- The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load.
- The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply volt age. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the maximum point of the voltage waveform at the inverter output side is the power supply voltage multiplied by about $\sqrt{2}$.
- *5 FR-DU08: IP40 (except for the PU connector section)
- *6 For the power voltage exceeding 480 V, set **Pr.977 Input voltage mode selection**.

Overload current rating

| SLD | 110% 60 s, 120% 3 s (inverse-time characteristics) at surrounding air temperature 40°C |
|-----|--|
| LD | 120% 60 s, 150% 3 s (inverse-time characteristics) at surrounding air temperature 50°C |

Rating (separated converter types)

♦ 400 V class

Inverter

| | Model FR-F842 | | 07700 | 08660 | 09620 | 10940 | 12120 | | | | | |
|--------|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Wodel FK-F042 | -1.1 | 355K | 400K | 450K | 500K | 560K | | | | | |
| App | licable motor capacity | SLD | 400 | 450 | 500 | 560 | 630 | | | | | |
| (kV | /) *1 | LD | 355 | 355 400 450 500 56 | | | | | | | | |
| | Rated capacity (kVA) *2 | SLD | 587 | 660 | 733 | 834 | 924 | | | | | |
| | Rated capacity (KVA) *2 | LD | 521 | 587 | 660 | 733 | 834 | | | | | |
| | Rated current (A) | SLD | 770 | 866 | 962 | 1094 | 1212 | | | | | |
| | Rated current (A) | LD | 683 | 770 | 866 | 962 | 1094 | | | | | |
| put | Overload current rating *3 | SLD | 110% 60 s, 120% 3 s | 10% 60 s, 120% 3 s (inverse-time characteristics) at surrounding air temperature 40°C | | | | | | | | |
| Output | Overload current rating 13 | LD | 120% 60 s, 150% 3 s | (inverse-time characte | ristics) at surrounding | air temperature 50°C | | | | | | |
| - | Rated voltage *4 | | Three-phase 380 to 5 | 00 V | | | | | | | | |
| | Regenerative brakingtorque *5 (When the converter unit (FR-CC2) is used) | Maximum brake torque | 10% torque/continuous | | | | | | | | | |
| /er | DC power supply voltage | | 430 to 780 VDC | | | | | | | | | |
| power | Control power supply auxi | liary input | Single phase 380 to 5 | 600 V 50 Hz/60 Hz *7 | | | | | | | | |
| Input | Permissible control power input fluctuation | supply auxiliary | Frequency ±5%, voltage ±10% | | | | | | | | | |
| Pro | tective structure (IEC 6052 | 9) *6 | Open type (IP00) | | | | | | | | | |
| Co | oling system | | Forced air cooling | | | | | | | | | |
| App | orox. mass (kg) | | 163 | 163 | 243 | 243 | 243 | | | | | |

- *1 The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor.
- $^{*}2$ The rated output capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 440 V.
- *3 The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load.
- *4 The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the maximum point of the voltage waveform at the inverter output side is the power supply voltage multiplied by about $\sqrt{2}$.
- *5 LD rating reference value
- *6 FR-DU08: IP40 (except for the PU connector section)
- *7 For the power voltage exceeding 480 V, set Pr.977 Input voltage mode selection.

· Converter unit (FR-CC2)

| | Model FR-CC2-H[] | 355K | 400K | 450K | 500K | 560K | 630K | | | | | |
|--------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|------|------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ар | plicable motor capacity (kW) | 355 | 400 | 450 | 500 | 560 | 630 | | | | | |
| Output | Overload current rating *1 | 150% 60 s, 200 |)% 3 s | | | 120% 60 s, 150% 3 s | 110% 60 s, 120% 3 s | | | | | |
| Out | Rated voltage *2 | 430 to 780 VD0 | C *4 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Rated input AC voltage/frequency | Three-phase 380 to 500 V 50 Hz/60 Hz | | | | | | | | | | |
| supply | Permissible AC voltage fluctuation | Three-phase 323 to 550 V 50 Hz/60 Hz | | | | | | | | | | |
| ır sı | Permissible frequency fluctuation | ±5% | | | | | | | | | | |
| ower | Rated input current (A) | 683 | 770 | 866 | 962 | 1094 | 1212 | | | | | |
| - | Power supply capacity (kVA) *3 | 521 | 587 | 660 | 733 | 833 | 924 | | | | | |
| Pro | otective structure (IEC 60529) | Open type (IP00) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Сс | oling system | Forced air cooling | | | | | | | | | | |
| DC | reactor | Built-in | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ар | prox. mass (kg) | 213 | 282 | 285 | 288 | 293 | 294 | | | | | |

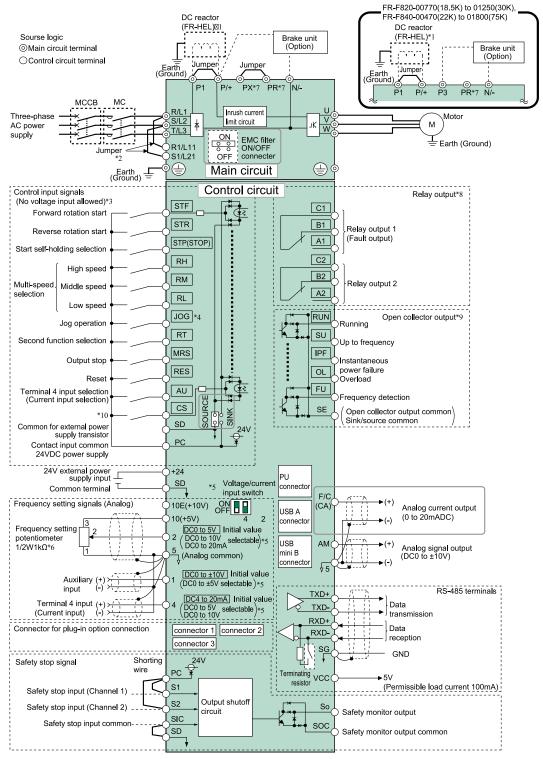
- *1 The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the converter unit and the inverter to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load.
- *2 The converter unit output voltage varies according to the input power supply voltage and the load. The maximum point of the voltage waveform at the converter unit output side is approximately the power supply voltage multiplied by $\sqrt{2}$.
- *3 The power supply capacity is the value when at the rated output current. It varies by the impedance at the power supply side (including those of the input reactor and cables).
- *4 The permissible voltage imbalance ratio is 3% or less. (Imbalance ratio = (highest voltage between lines average voltage between three lines) / average voltage between three lines x 100)

• Common specifications

| | Control meth | and | Soft-PWM control, high carrier frequency PWM control (selectable among V/F control (Optimum excitation control, etc.), |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| | | | Advanced magnetic flux vector control (Advanced optimum excitation control, etc.), and PM motor control) |
| | Output frequ | ency range | 0.2 to 590 Hz (The upper-limit frequency is 400 Hz under Advanced magnetic flux vector control, and PM motor control.) 0.015 Hz/60 Hz (terminal 2, 4: 0 to 10 V/12 bits) |
| | Frequency setting resolution | Analog input | 0.03 Hz/60 Hz (0 to 5 V/11 bits or 0 to 20 mA/approx. 11 bits for terminals 2 and 4, 0 to ⊠10 V/12 bits for terminal 1) 0.06 Hz/60 Hz (0 to ±5 V/11 bits for terminal 1) |
| őü | | Digital input | 0.01 Hz |
| cati | Frequency accuracy | Analog input Digital input | Within ±0.2% of the max. output frequency (25°C ±10°C) Within 0.01% of the set output frequency |
| specifications | Voltage/frequ | | Base frequency can be set from 0 to 590 Hz. Constant-torque/variable-torque pattern or adjustable 5 points V/F can be |
| | characteristi | | selected. 120% 0.5 Hz (Advanced magnetic flux vector control) |
| Control | Starting torque | Induction motor IPM motor | 50% |
| ou | Torque boos | | Manual torque boost |
| 0 | Acceleration | /deceleration | 0 to 3600 s (acceleration and deceleration can be set individually), linear or S-pattern acceleration/deceleration mode, |
| | time setting | hualea (impluation | backlash countermeasures acceleration/deceleration can be selected. |
| | motor) | brake (induction | Operation frequency (0 to 120 Hz), operation time (0 to 10 s), operation voltage (0 to 30%) variable |
| | Stall prevent level | ion operation | Activation range of stall prevention operation (SLD rating: 0 to 120%, LD rating: 0 to 150%). Whether to use the stall prevention or not can be selected. (V/F control, Advanced magnetic flux vector control) |
| | Frequency setting | Analog input | Terminals 2 and 4: 0 to 10 V, 0 to 5 V, 4 to 20 mA (0 to 20 mA) are available. Terminal 1: -10 to +10 V, -5 to 5 V are available. |
| | signal | Digital input | Input using the setting dial of the operation panel or parameter unit Four-digit BCD or 16-bit binary (when used with option FR-A8AX) |
| | Start signal | | Forward and reverse rotation or start signal automatic self-holding input (3-wire input) can be selected. |
| suc | Input signals terminals) | (twelve | Low-speed operation command, Middle-speed operation command, High-speed operation command, Second function selection, Terminal 4 input selection, Jog operation selection, Output stop, Start self-holding selection, Forward rotation command, Reverse rotation command, Inverter reset The input signal can be changed using Pr.178 to Pr.189 (input terminal function selection). |
| atic | Pulse tra | in input | 100 kpps |
| Operation specifications | Operational functions | | Maximum frequency, minimum frequency, multi-speed operation, acceleration/deceleration pattern, thermal protection, DC injection brake, starting frequency, JOG operation, output stop (MRS), stall prevention, regeneration avoidance, increased magnetic excitation deceleration, DC feeding*1, frequency jump, rotation display, automatic restart after instantaneous power failure, electronic bypass sequence, remote setting, retry function, carrier frequency selection, fast-response current limit, forward/reverse rotation prevention, operation mode selection, slip compensation, speed smoothing control, traverse, auto tuning, applied motor selection, RS-485 communication, PID control, PID pre-charge function, cooling fan operation selection, stop selection (deceleration stop/coasting), power-failure deceleration stop function, PLC function, life diagnosis, maintenance timer, current average monitor, multiple rating, test run, 24 V power supply input for control circuit, safety stop function, self power management, BACnet communication, PID gain tuning, cleaning, load characteristics storage, emergency drive*1 |
| | Output signa | | Inverter running, Up to frequency, Instantaneous power failure/undervoltage*1, Overload warning, Output frequency |
| | Open collect terminals) | or output (five | detection, Fault The output signal can be changed using Pr.190 to Pr.196 (output terminal function selection). |
| | , | (two terminals) | Fault codes of the inverter can be output (4 bits) from the open collector. |
| | Pulse tra | in output | 50 kpps |
| | | Pulse train output (FM type) | Max. 2.4 kHz: one terminal (output frequency) The monitored item can be changed using Pr.54 FM/CA terminal function selection. |
| | For meter | Current output | Max. 20 mADC: one terminal (output current) |
| tion | i oi illetei | (CA type) | The monitored item can be changed using Pr.54 FM/CA terminal function selection. Max. 10 VDC: one terminal (output voltage) |
| Indication | | Voltage output | The monitored item can be changed using Pr.158 AM terminal function selection. |
| 프 | Operation | Operating status | Output frequency, output current, output voltage, frequency setting value The monitored item can be changed using Pr.52 Operation panel main monitor selection . |
| | panel (FR-DU08) | Status Fault record | Fault record is displayed when a fault occurs. Past 8 fault records and the conditions immediately before the fault (output |
| | (FR-D008) | Fault record | voltage/current/frequency/cumulative energization time/year/month/date/time) are saved. Overcurrent trip during acceleration, Overcurrent trip during constant speed, Overcurrent trip during deceleration or stop, |
| war | Protective function rning action | | Regenerative overvoltage trip during acceleration, Regenerative overvoltage trip during constant speed, Regenerative overvoltage trip during deceleration or stop, Inverter overload trip (electronic thermal relay function), Motor overload trip (electronic thermal relay function), Heatsink overheat, Instantaneous power failure*1, Undervoltage*1, Input phase loss*1*2, Stall prevention stop, Loss of synchronism detection*2, Upper limit fault detection, Lower limit fault detection, Output side earth (ground) fault overcurrent, Output phase loss, External thermal relay operation*2, PTC thermistor operation*2, Option fault, Communication option fault, Parameter storage device fault, PU disconnection, Retry count excess*2, CPU fault, Operation panel power supply short circuit/RS-485 terminals power supply short circuit, 24 VDC power fault, Abnormal output current detection*2, Inrush current limit circuit fault*1, Communication fault (inverter), Analog input fault, USB communication fault, Safety circuit fault, Overspeed occurrence*2, 4 mA input fault*2, Pre-charge fault*2, PID signal fault*2, Internal circuit fault, User definition error by the PLC function |
| | | Warning function | Fan alarm, Stall prevention (overcurrent), Stall prevention (overvoltage), Electronic thermal relay function pre-alarm, PU stop, Parameter copy, Safety stop, Maintenance timer 1 to 3*2, USB host error, Operation panel lock*2, Password locked*2, Parameter write error, Copy operation error, 24 V external power supply operation, Load fault warning, Emergency drive*1 |
| Ħ | Surrounding | air temperature | -10°C to +50°C (non-freezing) (LD ratings) -10°C to +40°C (non-freezing) (SLD rating) |
| Environment | Surrounding | air humidity | With circuit board coating (conforming to IEC60721-3-3 3C2/3S2): 95% RH or less (non-condensing) Without circuit board coating: 90% RH or less (non-condensing) |
| /iro | Storage tem | perature*3 | -20°C to +65°C |
| En | Atmosphere | | Indoors (without corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt, etc.) |
| | Altitude/vibra | ation | Maximum 1000 m above sea level*4, 5.9 m/s ² or less*5 at 10 to 55 Hz (directions of X, Y, Z axes) |
| | *1 A | vailable only for th | e standard model. |

- Available only for the standard model.
 This protective function is not available in the initial status.
 Temperature applicable for a short time, e.g. in transit.
 For the installation at an altitude above 1,000 m (up to 2,500 m), derate the rated current 3% per 500 m.
 2.9 m/s² or less for the FR-F840-04320(185K) or higher.

CA type



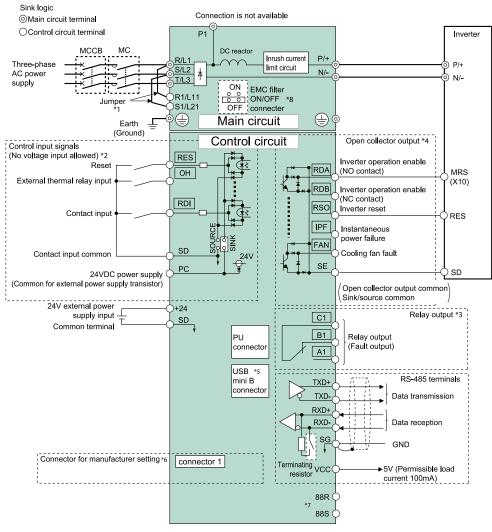
- For the FR-F820-03160(75K) or higher, the FR-F840-01800(75K) or higher, always connect a DC reactor (FR-HEL), which is available as an option. (To select a DC reactor, refer to page 18, page 106, and select one according to the applicable motor capacity.)
 When a DC reactor is connected to the FR-F820-02330(55K) or lower or the FR-F840-01160(55K) or lower, if a jumper is installed across the terminals P1 and P/+, remove the jumper before installing the DC reactor.
- When using separate power supply for the control circuit, remove the jumper between R1/L11 and S1/L21.
- The function of these terminals can be changed with the input terminal assignment (Pr.178 to Pr.189).
- Terminal JOG is also used as the pulse train input terminal. Use **Pr.291** to choose JOG or pulse.

 Terminal input specifications can be changed by analog input specification switchover (**Pr.73**, **Pr.267**). To input a voltage, set the voltage/current input switch OFF. To input a current, set the voltage/current input switch ON. Terminals 10 and 2 are also used as a PTC input terminal. (**Pr.561**)
- It is recommended to use 2 W 1 k Ω when the frequency setting signal is changed frequently. Do not use terminals PR and PX. Do not remove the jumper connected to terminals PR and PX *6 *7
- The function of these terminals can be changed with the output terminal assignment (Pr.195, Pr.196).
- The function of these terminals can be changed with the output terminal assignment (Pr.190 to Pr.194).

 No function is assigned in the initial status. Assign the function using Pr.186 CS terminal function selection.

• Converter unit (FR-CC2)

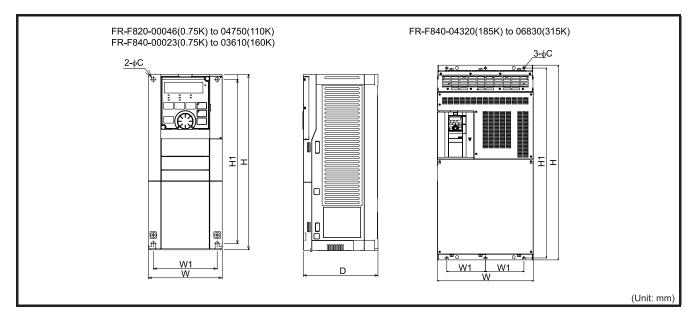
• When the sink logic is selected



- When using separate power supply for the control circuit, remove the jumpers from R1/L11 and S1/L21. The function of these terminals can be changed with the input terminal assignment (**Pr.178, Pr.187, Pr.189**).
- The function of these terminals can be changed with the output terminal assignment (Pr.195).
- The function of these terminals can be changed with the output terminal assignment (Pr.190 to Pr.194).
- The connector is for manufacturer setting. Do not use.
- Plug-in options cannot be used.
- For manufacturer setting. Do not use. For the FR-CC2-H400K to H630K, two EMC filter ON/OFF connectors are provided.

Outline Dimension Drawings

Standard model



*This is a sample outline dimension drawing. The shape differs by the model.

♦ 200 V class

| Inverter model | W | W1 | Н | H1 | D | С |
|----------------------|-------|-----|-----|------|-----|----|
| FR-F820-00046(0.75K) | 110 | 95 | | | 110 | |
| FR-F820-00077(1.5K) | 1 110 | 33 | | | 125 | |
| FR-F820-00105(2.2K) | | | | | | |
| FR-F820-00167(3.7K) | 150 | 125 | 260 | 245 | 140 | 6 |
| FR-F820-00250(5.5K) | 1 | | | | | O |
| FR-F820-00340(7.5K) | | | | | 170 | |
| FR-F820-00490(11K) | 220 | 195 | | | 170 | |
| FR-F820-00630(15K) | | | 300 | 285 | | |
| FR-F820-00770(18.5K) | | | | | 190 | |
| FR-F820-00930(22K) | 250 | 230 | 400 | 380 | 190 | 10 |
| FR-F820-01250(30K) | | | | | | 10 |
| FR-F820-01540(37K) | 325 | 270 | | 530 | 195 | |
| FR-F820-01870(45K) | 435 | 380 | 550 | 525 | | |
| FR-F820-02330(55K) | 433 | 300 | | 323 | 250 | |
| FR-F820-03160(75K) | | 410 | 700 | 675 |] | 12 |
| FR-F820-03800(90K) | 465 | 400 | 740 | 715 | 360 | |
| FR-F820-04750(110K) |] | 400 | 740 | / 13 | 300 | |

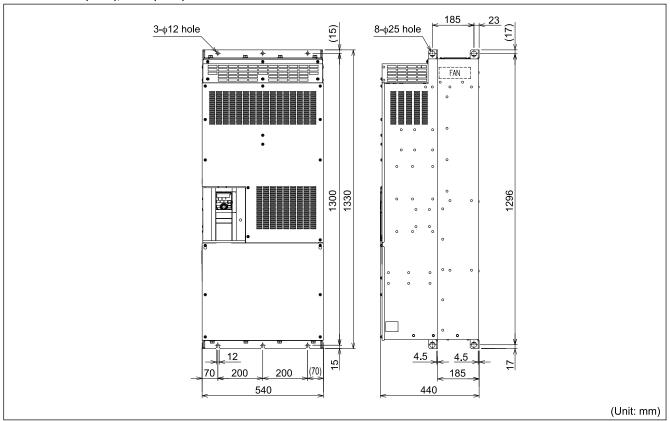
♦ 400 V class

| Inverter model | W | W1 | Н | H1 | D | С |
|----------------------|------|-----|------|-----|-----|----|
| FR-F840-00023(0.75K) | | | | | | |
| FR-F840-00038(1.5K) | | | | | | |
| FR-F840-00052(2.2K) | 150 | 125 | | | 140 | |
| FR-F840-00083(3.7K) | | | 260 | 245 | | |
| FR-F840-00126(5.5K) | | | | | | 6 |
| FR-F840-00170(7.5K) | | | 1 | | 170 | |
| FR-F840-00250(11K) | 220 | 195 | | | 170 | |
| FR-F840-00310(15K) | 220 | 133 | 300 | 285 | | |
| FR-F840-00380(18.5K) | | | 300 | 200 | 190 | |
| FR-F840-00470(22K) | 250 | 230 | 400 | 380 | 130 | |
| FR-F840-00620(30K) | | | 400 | | | 10 |
| FR-F840-00770(37K) | 325 | 270 | | 530 | 195 | |
| FR-F840-00930(45K) | | | 550 | | | |
| FR-F840-01160(55K) | 435 | 380 | 000 | 525 | 250 | |
| FR-F840-01800(75K) | | | | | | |
| FR-F840-02160(90K) | | | 620 | 595 | 300 | |
| FR-F840-02600(110K) | 465 | 400 | 020 | 000 | 000 | |
| FR-F840-03250(132K) | 100 | 100 | 740 | 715 | 360 | 12 |
| FR-F840-03610(160K) | | | 740 | 710 | 500 | 12 |
| FR-F840-04320(185K) | 498 | 200 | | 985 | | |
| FR-F840-04810(220K) | -100 | 200 | | 000 | | |
| FR-F840-05470(250K) | | | 1010 | | 380 | |
| FR-F840-06100(280K) | 680 | 300 | | 984 | | |
| FR-F840-06830(315K) | | | | | | |

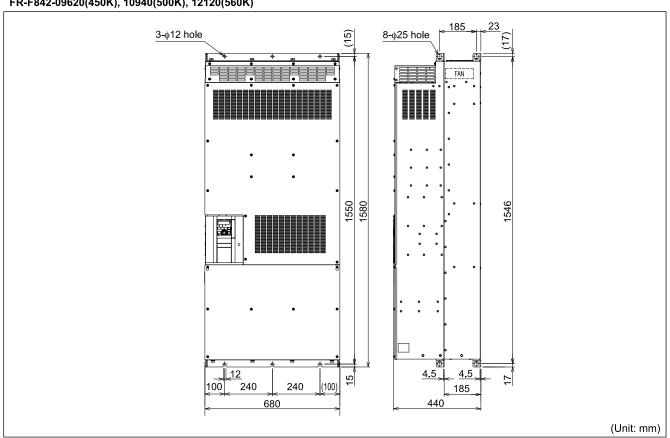
Separated converter type

• Inverter

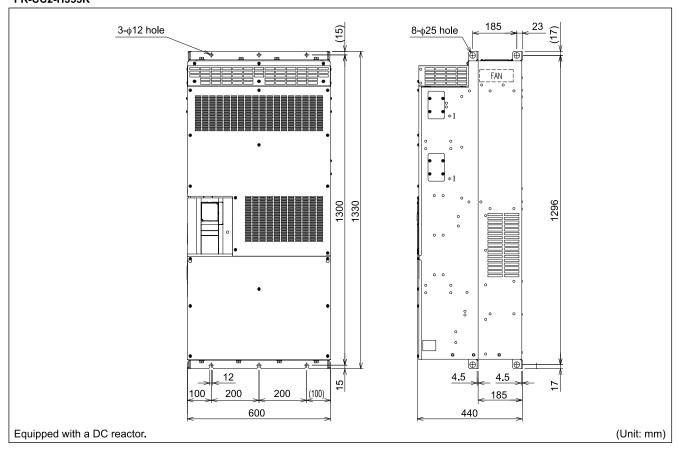
FR-F842-07700(355K), 08660(400K)



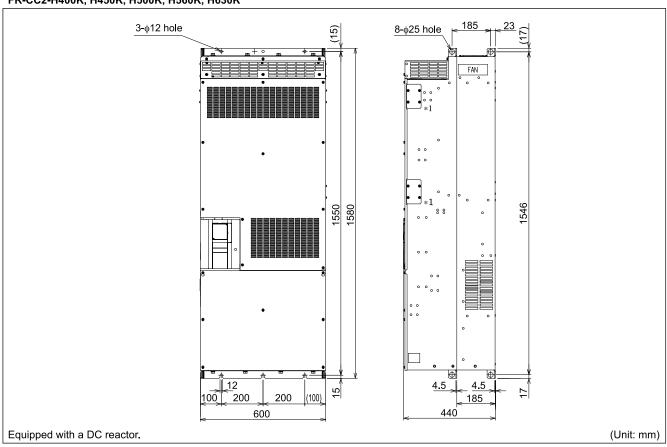
FR-F842-09620(450K), 10940(500K), 12120(560K)



• Converter unit FR-CC2-H355K

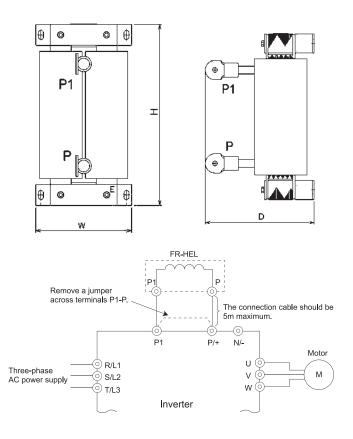


FR-CC2-H400K, H450K, H500K, H560K, H630K

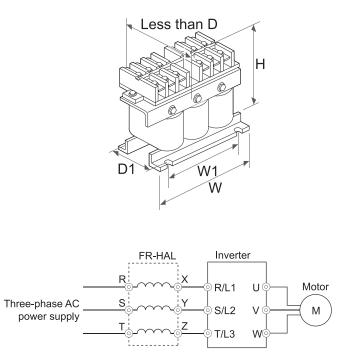


Dimension & Technical Drawings

| | | D | imensions (n | nm) |
|---------------------------------|-----|--------|--------------|-------|
| | | Height | Width | Depth |
| | 75 | 320 | 140 | 185 |
| | 90 | 340 | 150 | 190 |
| | 110 | 340 | 150 | 195 |
| r) | 132 | 405 | 175 | 200 |
| cto | 160 | 405 | 175 | 205 |
| ₃ ea | 185 | 405 | 175 | 240 |
| CF | 220 | 405 | 175 | 240 |
| <u>(</u> D | 250 | 440 | 190 | 250 |
| X | 280 | 440 | 190 | 255 |
| FR-HEL <u>-XXK</u> (DC Reactor) | 315 | 495 | 210 | 250 |
| 푹 | 355 | 495 | 210 | 250 |
| FR | 400 | 500 | 235 | 250 |
| | 450 | 500 | 240 | 270 |
| | 500 | 345 | 245 | 455 |
| | 560 | 360 | 245 | 460 |



| | | Dimensions (mm) | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------|-----------------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | | w | W1 | Н | D | D1 | d | | | | |
| | 0.4 | 135 | 120 | 115 | 64 | 45 | M4 | | | | |
| | 0.75 | 135 | 120 | 115 | 64 | 45 | M4 | | | | |
| | 1.5 | 135 | 120 | 115 | 64 | 45 | M4 | | | | |
| <u>-</u> | 2.2 | 135 | 120 | 115 | 64 | 45 | M4 | | | | |
| 9 | 3.7 | 135 | 120 | 115 | 74 | 57 | M4 | | | | |
| ac | 5.5 | 160 | 145 | 142 | 76 | 55 | M4 | | | | |
| Re | 7.5 | 160 | 145 | 142 | 96 | 75 | M4 | | | | |
| ် ပ | 11 | 160 | 145 | 146 | 96 | 75 | M4 | | | | |
| Š | 15 | 220 | 200 | 195 | 105 | 70 | M5 | | | | |
| × | 18.5 | 220 | 200 | 215 | 170 | 70 | M5 | | | | |
| FR-HAL-XXK (AC Reactor) | 22 | 220 | 200 | 215 | 170 | 70 | M5 | | | | |
| | 30 | 220 | 200 | 215 | 170 | 75 | M5 | | | | |
| ₹ | 37 | 220 | 200 | 214 | 170 | 100 | M5 | | | | |
| 之 | 45 | 280 | 255 | 245 | 165 | 80 | M6 | | | | |
| 世 | 55 | 280 | 255 | 245 | 170 | 90 | M6 | | | | |
| | 75 | 210 | 75 | 170 | 210.5 | 105 | M6 | | | | |
| | 110 | 240 | 150 | 225 | 220 | 99 | M8 | | | | |
| | 185 | 330 | 170 | 325 | 271 | 142 | M10 | | | | |
| | 280 | 330 | 170 | 325 | 321 | 192 | M10 | | | | |
| | 355 | 330 | 170 | 325 | 346 | 192 | M10 | | | | |
| | 560 | 450 | 300 | 540 | 635 | 345 | M12 | | | | |



INVERTERHIGHLY PROTECTIVE STRUCTURE (IP55)

FR-A800/FR-F800



- Direct installation near machines
- Reduced installation time
- Wire and space saving

Standard Specifications (FR-F846)

Standard Specifications (FR-F846)

Rating

| | Model FR-F846-[] | | 00023 | 00038 | 00052 | 00083 | 00126 | 00170 | 00250 | 00310 | 00380 | 00470 | 00620 | 00770 | 00930 | 01160 | 01800 | 02160 | 02600 | 03250 | 03610 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|---|--------------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | 0.75K | 1.5K | 2.2K | 3.7K | 5.5K | 7.5K | 11K | 15K | 18.5K | 22K | 30K | 37K | 45K | 55K | 75K | 90K | 110K | 132K | 160K |
| Applicable motor capacity (kW) *1 | | 0.75 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 11 | 15 | 18.5 | 22 | 30 | 37 | 45 | 55 | 75 | 90 | 110 | 132 | 160 | |
| Output | Rated capaci | ty (kVA) *2 | 1.6 | 2.7 | 3.7 | 5.8 | 8.8 | 12 | 18 | 22 | 27 | 33 | 43 | 53 | 65 | 81 | 110 | 137 | 165 | 198 | 248 |
| | Rated current (A) | | 2.1 | 3.5 | 4.8 | 7.6 | 11.5 | 16 | 23 | 29 | 35 | 43 | 57 | 70 | 85 | 106 | 144 | 180 | 216 | 260 | 325 |
| | Overload current rating *3 | | 120% 60 s, 150% 3 s (inverse-time characteristics) at ambient temperature of 40°C | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Rated voltage *4 | | Three- | phase | 380 to | 500 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Rated input AC voltage/frequency | | Three-phase 380 to 500 V 50 Hz/60 Hz *7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| supply | Permissible AC voltage fluctuation | | 323 to | 323 to 550 V 50 Hz/60 Hz | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Permissible fi fluctuation | requency | ±5% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Power | Rated input c | urrent (A) | 2.1 | 3.5 | 4.8 | 7.6 | 11.5 | 16 | 23 | 29 | 35 | 43 | 57 | 70 | 85 | 106 | 144 | 180 | 216 | 260 | 325 |
| | Power supply (kVA) *6 | capacity | 1.6 | 2.7 | 3.7 | 5.8 | 9 | 12 | 18 | 22 | 27 | 33 | 43 | 53 | 65 | 81 | 110 | 137 | 165 | 198 | 248 |
| Pro | Protective IEC 60529 | | Dust- and water-proof type (IP55) *9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| structure UL50 | | UL Typ | e12 *8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cooling system | | Self co | Self cooling + internal fan Forced-air-cooling + internal fan | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DC | DC reactor | | Built-in | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Аp | Approx. mass (kg) | | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 26 | 26 | 27 | 27 | 59 | 60 | 63 | 64 | 147 | 150 | 153 | 189 | 193 |

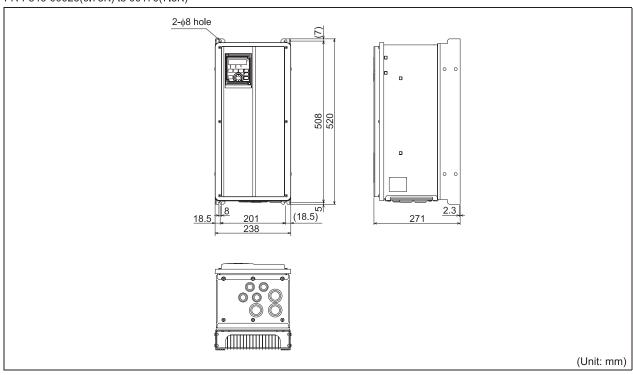
- The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi Electric 4-pole standard motor.
- *2 *3
- The rated output capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 440 V.

 The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load.
- The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the maximum point of the voltage waveform at the inverter output side is the power supply voltage multiplied by about $\sqrt{2}$.
- The rated input current indicates a value at a rated output voltage. The impedance at the power supply side (including those of the input reactor and cables) affects the rated input current.
- The power supply capacity is the value when at the rated output current. It varies by the impedance at the power supply side (including those of the
- For the power voltage exceeding 480 V, set **Pr.977 Input voltage mode selection**.

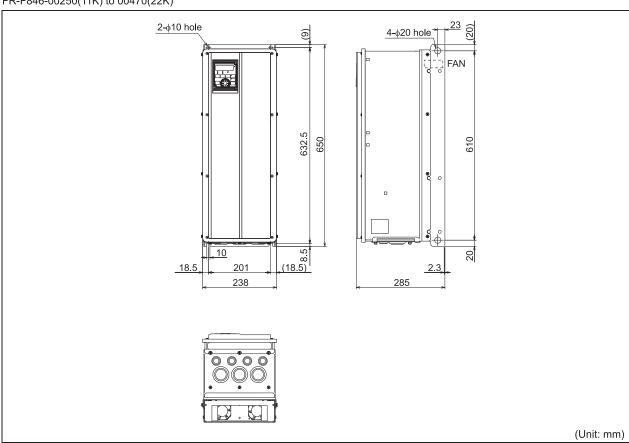
 UL Type 12 Enclosure-Suitable for Installation in a Compartment Handling Conditioned Air (Plenum)
- For compliance with IP55, remove the protective bushes and install the recommended cable glands.

Outline Dimensions

FR-F846-00023(0.75K) to 00170(7.5K)

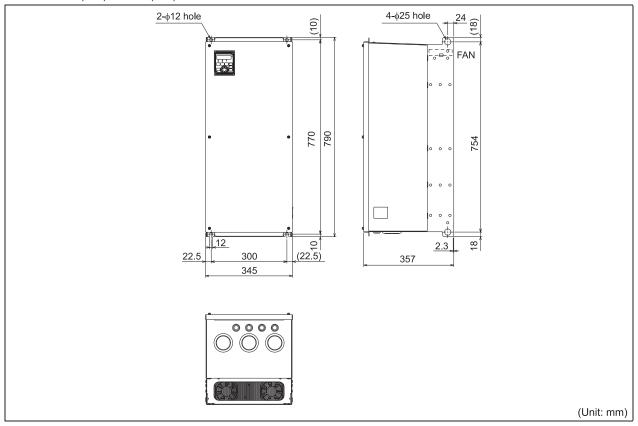


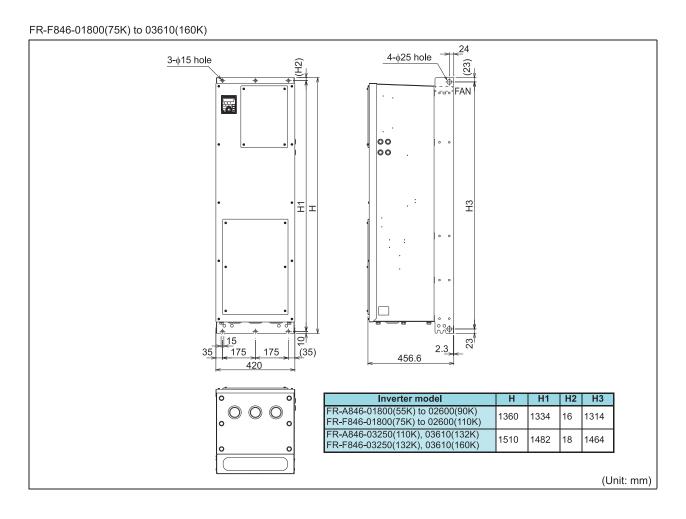
FR-F846-00250(11K) to 00470(22K)



Outline Dimensions

FR-F846-00620(30K) to 01160(55K)







The REVCON® harmonic filter RHF is passive filter, designed to reduce the harmonic distortion of a load fed by a 6-pulse rectifier. This kind of load is very common in drive applications.

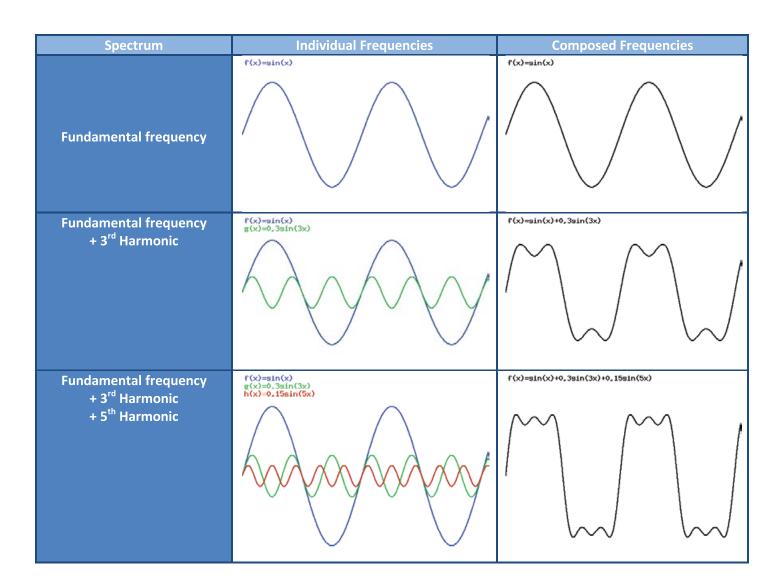
The REVCON RHF-A/B is a passive filter. It is not tuned to individual frequencies like an absorption circuit, but works like a bandstop filter, reducing all low harmonics up to the 50th significantly.

The passive harmonic filter REVCON RHF-A/B is an effective, inexpensive and very efficient (>98.5%) action in order to reduce harmonic distortion of a drive system.

Introduction of Harmonics

Ideally all loads and sources have a pure sinusoidal current waveform. But unfortunately the true waveform of most equipment is very different. Non-linear loads like the input current of a standard 6-pulse variable frequency drive are causing a distortion of the mains voltage. This distortion is typically evaluated by the Total Harmonic Distortion THD. For power equipment this THD usually obtains frequencies from the 2nd up to the 40th harmonic. Mathematically the harmonics are not limited to the 40th and for other subjects, e.g. audio equipment distortion; the THD range definition might be different.

The Fourier transform decomposes a function of time (a signal) into its individual frequencies. This means that every periodical signal is a function that can be divided into individual harmonics. The table below helps to verifies composed frequencies.



Standards - IEEE 519

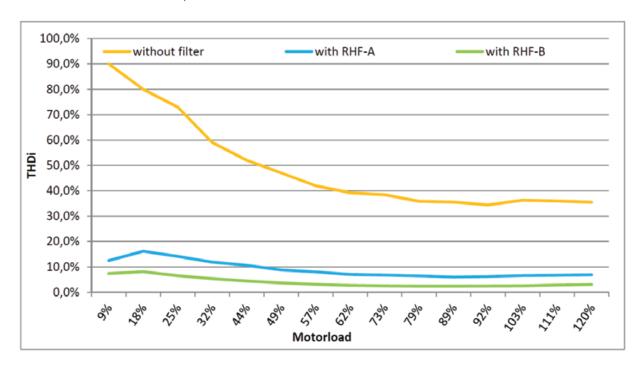
| "The System shall meet all requirement stated un | doulatost adition of | FIEEE E10 Harragania Cuidalinas " |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| i ne System shall meet all reaulrement statea un | aer iatest eaition oi | TIEEE 519 Harmonic Guiaeiines. |

| Maximum Harmonic Current Distortion in Percent of I_L | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|------|--|--|--|
| Individual Harmonic Order (Odd Harmonics) | | | | | | | | | |
| I _{SC} II _L | <11 | 11 <i>≤h<</i> 17 | 17 <i>≤h<</i> 23 | 23 <i>≤h<</i> 35 | 35 <i>≤h</i> | TDD | | | |
| <20* | 4.0 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 5.0 | | | |
| 20<50 | 7.0 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 8.0 | | | |
| 50<100 | 10.0 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 1.5 | 0.7 | 12.0 | | | |
| 100<1000 | 12.0 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 15.0 | | | |
| >1000 | 15.0 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 20.0 | | | |

It is highly recommended to refer to use the IEEE 519-2014 when specifying the requirement for your installation. In addition it is recommended to state the performance of a system, not every individual VFD. This gives system provided the ability to offer a combination of best systems which is often combination of active and passive filter.

This standard is a very user friendly guide to evaluate effect of harmonic distortion.

The following results show the harmonic performance THDi as a function of the motor load. Measurements were made under realistic circumstances, not on an ideal network.



The Total Harmonic Distortion of the current (THDi), without filter as seen in the orange line is 36% at nominal load. Both filters show significant better values than stated values. The 5% threshold, required by many applications is fulfilled.

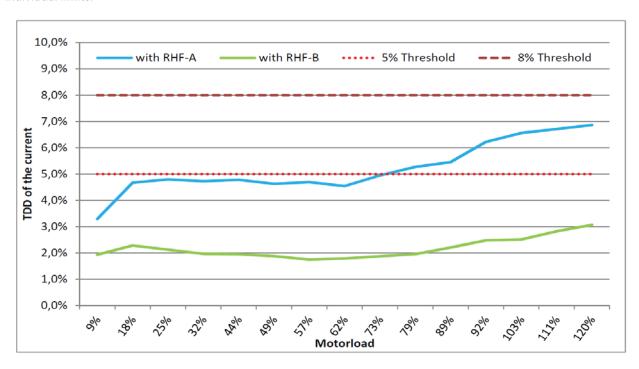
REVCON RHF Harmonic Filter performance complies with the IEEE519 for an ISC/IL < 20 (strictest values). (See TDD on next page)

The IEEE519 is referring to the TDD of the current, in dependence of the short circuit ratio ISC /IL.

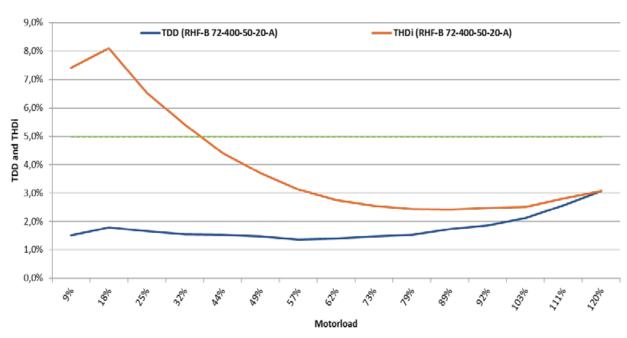
The IEEE519 for a threshold for an ISC/IL 20 < 50 is 8%. This value can be reached with a **RHF-A** filter. The standard relevant value is at maximum load, here **6,6%**.

The IEEE519 for a Threshold for an ISC/IL < 20 is 5%. This value can be reached with a **RHF-B** filter. The standard relevant value is at maximum load, here **2,5**%

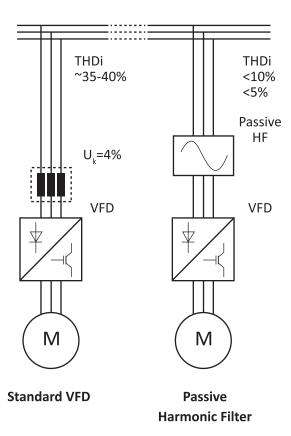
The standard is also limiting the individual harmonics based on their order number. The performance of the filter is suitable for these individual limits.



The following diagram is showing the correlation between TDD and THDi and the values of a VFD with a Passive Harmonic Filter input.



The following picture shows a simplified setup of the most common solutions for harmonic mitigation and the typical resulting *THDi* performance.



Passive Harmonic Filters are different circuits of L and C and unfortunately sometimes also R. Quality and performance highly depend on the used brand. Harmonic performance values <3% THDi are possible although these cannot be guaranteed. Typical stated performance is <5% or <10% THDi. Passive Harmonic Filters are very simple and are usually the most suitable choice for harmonic mitigation. Nevertheless, there are significant differences depending on the internal setup. Therefore it's essential to pay special attention to the following characteristics:

- 1. Efficiency (this should be as high as possible: for >100A at least 99% efficiency).
- 2. DC-Voltage Drop (the filter should not cause voltage drop on the DC Bus at nominal load (if it does this can be compensated by using a drive with higher current rating).
- 3. Performance conditions (please make sure the stated performance is reached under realistic conditions, some PHF define <5% *THDi* but only on an ideal network).

Service & Support















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URL http://www.mitsubishielectric.com.sg

Applicable Standards

Mitsubishi Electric's 800 Series Inverter has been designed, manufactured, and tested in accordance with the latest applicable standards as follow:

| CE | Conformance to the relevant European Directives | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| CSA 22.2 N14-95 | Industrial control equipment | | | | | | |
| EN 50178 | Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC | | | | | | |
| EN 61800-5-1 : 2003 | 300-5-1 : 2003 Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC | | | | | | |
| Safety of machinery-electrical equipment of machines. Part 1 - Specification for general requirement | | | | | | | |
| EN60950 | Safety of information technology equipment including electrical business equipment | | | | | | |
| EN 61010-1 | Safety requirement for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use, Part 1 – general requirement | | | | | | |
| EN 61800-3 : 2004 | Electro Magnetic Compliance according to EMC Directive 2004/08/EC | | | | | | |
| EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-12 | Limits for harmonic current emissions | | | | | | |
| UL 508 Industrial control equipment | | | | | | | |
| UL 508C | Power conversion equipment | | | | | | |
| IEC 664 | Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems | | | | | | |
| IEC 60068-2-6 | Environmental testing – Part 2 – Test Fc: vibration (sinusoidal) | | | | | | |
| IEC 60068-2-27 | Environmental testing. Part 2: Tests. Test Ea and guidance: Shock | | | | | | |
| IEC 801-4 | Electrical Fast Transient (Supplementary Wave) | | | | | | |
| NEMA ICS6 | Industrial control and systems enclosures | | | | | | |
| NEMA 250 | Enclosures for electrical equipment | | | | | | |
| SEMI F47 | Specification for Semiconductor Processing Equipment voltage sag immunity | | | | | | |

Manufacturer of the 800 Series Inverter, Nagoya Works, is a certified ISO 9001 and ISO 14000 facility

Certification

SINGAPORE GREEN BUILDING PRODUCT CERTIFICATE

The product has been assessed in accordance to the assessment criteria of the Singapore Green Building Product Certification Scheme and awarded the 3-tick Excellent rating for the following models:

MODELS

FR-F840 (90kW and below) - FR-F840-00023, FR-F840-00038, FR-F840-00052, FR-F840-00083, FR-F840-00126, FR-F840-00170, FR-F840-00250, FR-F840-00310, FR-F840-00380, FR-F840-00470, FR-F840-00620, FR-F840-00770, FR-F840-00930, FR-F840-01160, FR-F840-01800, FR-F840-02160,

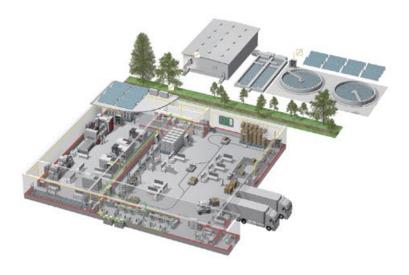
FR-F840 (110kW and above) - FR-F840-02600, FR-F840-03250, FR-F840-03610, FR-F840-04320, FR-F840-04810, FR-F840-05470, FR-F840-06100, FR-F840-06830

SINGAPORE GREEN
BUILDING PRODUCT
SGBC

SGBP 2019-2540 SGBP 2019-2539

Please refer to https://web.sgbc.online/public/product/certificate/3945/79 and https://web.sgbc.online/public/product/certificate/3946/79 for more information.

YOUR SOLUTION PARTNER



Mitsubishi Electric offers a wide range of automation equipment from PLCs and HMIs to CNC and EDM machines.





Medium voltage: VCB, VCC



Power monitoring, energy management



Compact and Modular Controllers



Inverters, Servos and Motors



Visualisation: HMIs



Numerical Control (NC)



Robots: SCARA, Articulated arm



Processing machines: EDM, Lasers, IDS



A NAME TO TRUST

Since its beginnings in 1870, some 45 companies use the Mitsubishi name, covering a spectrum of finance, commerce and industry.

The Mitsubishi brand name is recognized around the world as a symbol of premium quality.

Mitsubishi Electric Corporation is active in space development, transportation, semi-conductors, energy systems, communications and information processing, audio visual equipment and home electronics, building and energy management and automation systems, and has 237 factories and laboratories worldwide in over 121 countries.

This is why you can rely on Mitsubishi Electric automation solution - because we know first hand about the need for reliable, efficient, easy-to-use automation and control in our own factories.

As one of the world's leading companies with a global turnover of over 4 trillion Yen (over \$40 billion), employing over 100,000 people, Mitsubishi Electric has the resource and the commitment to deliver the ultimate in service and support as well as the best products.

^{*} Not all products are available in all countries.

